

The Standing Committee of European Doctors (CPME) represents national medical associations across Europe. We are committed to contributing the medical profession's point of view to EU and European policy-making through pro-active cooperation on a wide range of health and healthcare related issues.

CPME response to the European Commission consultation on the revision of the EU School Fruit, Vegetables and Milk Scheme

On 16 June 2022, the CPME Executive Committee adopted the 'CPME response to the European Commission consultation on the revision of the EU School Fruit, Vegetables and Milk Scheme' (CPME 2022/062).

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Review of the EU school fruit, vegetable, and milk scheme

Fields marked with * are mandatory.

Introduction

About this consultation

This consultation aims to gather views from stakeholders and members of the public on how they think the EU school fruit, vegetable and milk scheme ("EU school scheme") is working, and on possible options for its review.

Why we are consulting

The EU school scheme, applicable since 2017, supports the distribution of fruit, vegetables, milk and milk products to schoolchildren, from nursery school up to secondary school. It also includes educational activities to increase consumption of these products and to help instil healthy eating habits.

While the scheme already addresses the common agricultural policy (CAP) objective to improve the EU agriculture sector's response to societal demands on food and health, there is scope for enhancing its contribution to sustainable food production and consumption in line with the objectives of the new <u>CAP 2023-</u>2027.

The Commission has launched a review of the EU school scheme as part of the <u>Farm to Fork Strategy</u> with the goal of creating a favourable food environment that makes it easier to choose a healthy and sustainable diet.

The review will contribute to Europe's Europe's <u>Beating Cancer plan</u> to improve health promotion through access to healthy diets and to the <u>Action plan for the development of organic production</u>.

It will also take into account the Council recommendation establishing the European Child Guarantee.

The review will draw lessons from the ongoing evaluation which aims to assess to what extent the EU school scheme has been effective and efficient in achieving its objectives, coherent with other EU and national agricultural, health, education and environmental policies, relevant in the light of evolving consumption patterns and trends, as well as its EU added value. It also seeks to simplify and reduce the administrative burden.

This consultation will inform the review of the EU school scheme.

It takes into consideration the feedback to the combined <u>evaluation roadmap/inception impact assessment</u> that took place between 29 June and 27 July 2021.

Target groups

Everyone is welcome to contribute, notably:

- schoolchildren and their parents or guardians;
- educational establishments (from early childhood education and care to secondary-level education) and their associations;
- businesses and their associations active at all stages of the food supply chain, notably small and medium enterprises (SMEs);
- non-governmental organisations active in the agriculture, food, health, nutrition, consumer protection, environment, education, and children's rights sectors;
- public authorities in charge of agriculture, food, health, nutrition, consumer protection, environment, education, and children's rights;
- research institutes, universities and academia.

This consultation includes general questions for all respondents and additional questions for specific target groups, notably:

- schoolchildren and/or their parents/guardians;
- educational establishments and their associations, as well as organisations active in education on food, nutrition and health;
- businesses and their associations active in the agriculture and food sector;
- public authorities.

How can you contribute?

The questionnaire is accessible in all official EU languages. You can pause at any time, saving your draft, and continue later. Once you have submitted your answers, you will be able to download a copy of your completed questionnaire.

Please note that this consultation does not intend to obtain data relating to identifiable persons. Therefore, if you describe in your replies a particular experience or situation, please do it in a way that will not allow it to be linked to a particular individual, either yourself or somebody else.

By submitting/sending your contribution you agree to its publication on Europa 'Have you say' portal. It is d + b. 1.10 in

	nation on how your personal data and contribution will be dealt with.
Abo	ut you
* Lang	guage of my contribution
0	Bulgarian
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* I am	giving my contribution as
0	Academic/research institution Business
0	association Company/business
0	organisation Consumer organisation
0	EU citizen
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0	Non-governmental organisation (NGO) Public
0	authority
0	Trade union
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* First	name
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*Surname									
Kujawa									
*Email (this won't be pul	olished)								
markus.kujawa@cpme.eu									
*Organisation name									
255 character(s) maximum									
The Standing Committee of	of European Doctors (CPME)								
*Organisation size									
Micro (1 to 9 emp	oloyees)								
Small (10 to 49 en	nplovees)								
	Medium (50 to 249 employees)								
Large (250 or mor									
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Transparency register n	umber								
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Check if your organisation is or	the transparency register. It	s a voluntary database for org	ganisations seeking to						
influence EU decision-making.									
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*Country of origin									
Please add your country of orig			Saint Martin						
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Aland Islands	Dominica	Liechtenstein	Saint Pierre and						
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Albania	Dominican	Lithuania	Saint Vincent						
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American Samoa	Egypt	Macau	San Marino						
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			Príncipe						
Angola	Equatorial Guines	a [©] Malawi	Saudi Arabia						

	Anguilla		Eritrea		Malaysia		Senegal	
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	Antigua and		Eswatini		Mali		Seyche	lles
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	Argentina		Ethiopia		Malta		Sierra Le	eone
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	Austria		Finland		Mauritius		Slovenia	l
	Azerbaijan		France		Mayotte		Solomor	n Islands
	Bahamas		French Guiana		Mexico		Somalia	
	Bahrain		French Polynesia		Micronesia		South A	frica
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	Bouvet Island		Guernsey		New Caledonia		Tajikista	
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	British Indian		Guinea-Bissau		Nicaragua		Thailand	l
	Ocean Territory							

	British Virgin		Guyana	0	Niger		The Gambia
	Islands						
	Brunei		Haiti		Nigeria		Timor-Leste
	Bulgaria		Heard Island and		Niue		Togo
			McDonald Islands				
	Burkina Faso		Honduras		Norfolk Island		Tokelau
	Burundi		Hong Kong		Northern		Tonga
					Mariana Islands		
	Cambodia		Hungary		North Korea		Trinidad and
							Tobago
	Cameroon		Iceland		North Macedonia		Tunisia
	Canada		India		Norway		Turkey
	Cape Verde		Indonesia		Oman		Turkmenistan
	Cayman Islands		Iran		Pakistan		Turks and
							Caicos Islands
	Central African		Iraq		Palau		Tuvalu
	Republic						
	Chad		Ireland		Palestine		Uganda
	Chile		Isle of Man		Panama		Ukraine
	China		Israel		Papua New		United Arab
					Guinea		Emirates
	Christmas Island		Italy		Paraguay		United Kingdom
	Clipperton		Jamaica		Peru		United States
	Cocos (Keeling)		Japan		Philippines		United States
	Islands						Minor Outlying
							Islands
	Colombia	0	Jersey	0	Pitcairn Islands	0	Uruguay Comoro
			Jordan	0	Poland		US Virgin Islands
	Congo		Kazakhstan		Portugal		Uzbekistan
	Cook Islands		Kenya		Puerto Rico		Vanuatu
0	Costa Rica	0	Kiribati	0	Qatar		Vatican City
0	Côte d'Ivoire		Kosovo		Réunion		Venezuela
0	Croatia		Kuwait		Romania		Vietnam
0	Cuba	0	Kyrgyzstan	0	Russia	0	

Curaçao	Laos	Rwanda	Wallis and Futuna
Cyprus	Latvia	Saint Barthélemy	Western Sahara
Czechia	Lebanon	Saint Helena	Yemen
		Ascension and	
		Tristan da Cunha	
Democratic	Lesotho	Saint Kitts and	Zambia
Republic of the		Nevis	
Congo			
Denmark	Liberia	Saint Lucia	Zimbabwe

The Commission will publish all contributions to this public consultation. You can choose whether you would prefer to have your details published or to remain anonymous when your contribution is published. Fo r the purpose of transparency, the type of respondent (for example, 'business association, 'consumer association', 'EU citizen') country of origin, organisation name and size, and its transparency register number, are always published. Your e-mail address will never be published.

Opt in to select the privacy option that best suits you. Privacy options default based on the type of respondent selected

*Contribution publication privacy settings

The Commission will publish the responses to this public consultation. You can choose whether you would like your details to be made public or to remain anonymous.

Anonymous

Only organisation details are published: The type of respondent that you responded to this consultation as, the name of the organisation on whose behalf you reply as well as its transparency number, its size, its country of origin and your contribution will be published as received. Your name will not be published. Please do not include any personal data in the contribution itself if you want to remain anonymous.

Public

Organisation details and respondent details are published: The type of respondent that you responded to this consultation as, the name of the organisation on whose behalf you reply as well as its transparency number, its size, its country of origin and your contribution will be published. Your name will also be published.

I agree with the <u>personal data protection provisions</u>

Your profile

*If you are replying on behalf of an organisation, what type of organisation is it?
School (nursery-preschool-primary-secondary)
Business or business organisation/association in the agricultural and food sector
Health and/or nutrition NGO
Environmental NGO
Animal welfare NGO Other
(specify)
If you are replying on behalf of an NGO, what is its area of interest? NGO in the public interest NGO in business interest
Awareness and knowledge of the EU school scheme
Have you ever heard of the EU school fruit, vegetable and milk scheme? Yes, and I know the details Yes,
but I don't know the details No, I

Questions related to the evaluation of the scheme

have never heard of it

In your opinion, how well has the current EU school scheme responded to the following aims:

	Fully	To a large extent	To some extent	Not at all	l don't know
Increased children's consumption of fruit and vegetables	0	0	•	0	0
Increased children's consumption of milk and dairy products	0	0	•	0	0
Increased children's knowledge of a healthy diet	0	0	•	0	0
Contributed to lowering children's consumption of unhealthy food products (high in fat, saturated fat, salt and sugars)	0	0	•	0	0
Contributed to the consumption of organic products	0	0	0	0	•
Guaranteed that tax payers' money is put to good use	0	0	•	0	0

In your opinion, how important are the following objectives for the EU school scheme?

	Very important	Fairly important	Not very important	Not at all important	l don't know
Contributing to a healthy diet for children	•	0	0	0	0
Encouraging school children's consumption of fruit and vegetables	•	0	0	0	0
Encouraging school children's consumption of milk and milk products	•	0	0	0	0
Helping to promote sustainable food production and consumption	•	0	0	0	0
Encouraging school children's consumption of organic products	0	•	0	0	0

In your opinion, should the EU school scheme pursue any other objectives?

Any EU school scheme should focus on ensuring that all children receive adequate and healthy nutrition while they are at school. That means that the scheme should be particularly focused on children from poor socio-economic backgrounds and ensuring that they have adequate nutrition. However, given the increase in childhood obesity being seen in many member states, a secondary focus should be on promoting healthy eating habits in all children and encouraging children to exercise.

In your opinion, is there any advantage of having a school scheme at EU level over having it at national/regional/local level?

0	Strongly	agree
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Agree Disagree

Strongly disagree I

don't know

Questions related to the review of the scheme

In your view, how important are the following factors for children's eating habits?

	Very important	Fairly important	Not very important	Not at all important	Don' t know
Eating habits at home	•	0	0	0	0
School canteens/ Procurement of school food/ vending machine offer	•	0	0	0	0

Advertising/sponsoring	•	0	0	0	0
Social media	•	0	0	0	0
School and public educational programmes	0	•	0	0	0
Children's knowledge of food origin	0	•	0	0	0
Children's knowledge of healthy diets	•	0	0	0	0
Parents' knowledge of healthy diets	•	0	0	0	0
Children's involvement in cooking	•	0	0	0	0
Teachers, friends & relatives' eating habits	0	•	0	0	0
Other (specify):	0	0	0	0	0

Currently, the EU school scheme finances the distribution of fruit, vegetables, milk and certain milk products to schoolchildren, from nursery to secondary school, generally outside school meals. In your opinion, considering children's need for a healthy diet, which of the following products should be distributed through the EU school scheme? (multiple answers possible)

,	O C	,pic answers possible,
	V	Fresh fruit and vegetables
		Processed fruits and vegetables such as fruit juices, vegetable soups Plain
	1	milk
	1	Plain yoghurt, curd and other fermented or acidified milk products (excluding
		cheese)
		Cheese
		Plant-based drinks made from oats, almonds or soya, for example Nuts
		Whole grains/cereals (whole bread, muesli, whole cereal bars)
		Other (specify)
		I don't know
Со	mr	nents:

Under the current EU school scheme, added sugar, salt, fat, sweeteners and artificial flavouring is generally not allowed. However, health and nutrition

authorities in EU countries may allow, as an exception, limited quantities of added salt, fat and - for milk products - sugar. In your opinion, what approach should the EU school scheme take on added sugar, salt and fat in the distributed products?

- Full prohibition of added sugar, salt and fat
- General prohibition of added sugar, salt and fat with exceptions approved by the national health/nutrition authorities and according to maximum limits defined under EU law
- General prohibition of added sugar, salt and fat with exceptions approved by the national health/nutrition authorities
- Other approach (specify) I
- don't know

Comments:

What factors do you consider the most important for the choice of products provided under the EU school scheme? Pick the three most important.

between 1 and 3 choices

- Wide variety of products to account for diversity of taste
- Seasonal products
- Organic food products
- Low environmental and climate impact Local
- and short supply chain
- Minimal packaging, with little or no plastic
- High animal welfare standards
- Other (specify)

Currently, children receive fruit, vegetables, milk and milk products under the EU school scheme generally outside regular school meals. In your opinion and experience, which of the following arrangements would work best for the future scheme? Rank from more relevant (top) to less relevant (bottom):

Use drag&drop or the up/down buttons to change the order or accept the initial order.

ii .	Breakfast at school
#	Contribution to the lunch
H	Healthy morning snack

Healthy afternoon snack / 'goûter'							
Other (specify)							
Please specify (if 'other'):							
The EU school scheme includes educational activities on agriculture and healthy eating habits, such as lessons, farm visits, school gardens, tasting and cooking workshops, theme days and games. In your opinion, which educational topics should the EU school scheme cover? Pick the five most important between 1 and 5 choices							
Comments:							

Currently, up to 15% of the annual EU budget for the EU school scheme can be used for educational measures. Participating countries can use national public or private funds, instead. Please give us your opinion on the future system of financing for educational measures:

	Totally agree	Somewhat agree	Somewhat disagree	Totally disagree	l don' t know
The system should continue as it is	0	0	0	0	•
A minimum percentage of the EU budget should be set aside for educational measures	0	0	0	0	•
The maximum EU budget for educational measures (15%) should be increased	0	0	0	0	•

Comments:
Currently, the EU school scheme is for schoolchildren from nursery school to secondary
school. In your opinion, the beneficiaries of the future scheme should include: (multiple
answers possible):
Nursery
Pre-school
Primary school Secondary
school school
Afterschool care, summer camps Other
(specify)
I don't know
Comments:

Currently, the EU school scheme does not specifically target children who, due to their socio-economic status or other factors, may have less healthy and sustainable diets. In your opinion, should priority be given to areas/schools with more of those children?

0

	No					
(I don't know					
Cor	nments:					
	rently, the budget for the EU school					
nun	nber of children and the level of dev	elopment	t of the regio	ns. In your o	pinion, wh	at
sho	uld be the criteria for allocating the	budget i	n the future	scheme?		
						1
		Totally	Somewhat	Somewhat	Totally	don'
		agree	agree	disagree	disagree	t
						know
	The criteria for the allocation of the budget should not change	0	0	0	0	•
	Performance criteria (e.g. good use of the					
	budget, targets to be achieved) should	0	•	0	0	0
	also be taken into account					
	Needs-based criteria (e.g. prevalence of					
	child overweight and obesity,	•				
	consumption patterns, socio-economic backgrounds) should be also taken into					
	account					
Oth	er criteria / comments:					
 / l.		file en en e	-111	- 2		
VVII	at is your view on the governance of	the EU S	chool schem	er		
						l I
		Totally	Somewhat	Somewhat	Totally	don'
		agree	agree	disagree	disagree	t know
	The Member States' public such suiting in					
	The Member States' public authorities in charge of agriculture, health/nutrition,					
	education, social and environmental issues	•	0	0	0	0
	should play a role in the design and					
	implementation of the scheme					
	The Member States should ensure an					
	effective involvement of the economic					
	and social partners, and the relevant	0	•	0		0

Yes

	bodies representing civil society in the design and implementation of the scheme						
Other / comments:							
Do	cument upload and final commer	nts					

Should any other issues or improvements be addressed in the review of the EU school scheme? If so, please specify:

As noted previously, any EU school scheme should focus on ensuring that all children, particularly those from poor socio-economic backgrounds, receive adequate and healthy nutrition while they are at school. A secondary focus should be on promoting healthy eating habits in all children and encouraging children to exercise.

Feel free to upload a concise document, such as a position paper. The maximum file size is 1MB.

The document is optional and serves as additional background reading to better understand your position.

Only files of the type pdf,txt,doc,docx,odt,rtf are allowed

Contact

AGRI-School-Scheme@ec.europa.eu